

Autumn 2 Knowledge Organiser Year 2 - FIRE FIRE

London's Burning Vocabulary

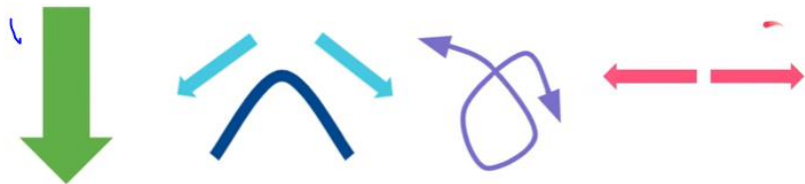
diary	a book with pages for writing about personal events
eye witness	a person who has seen something and can give a description of it
flammable	easily sets on fire
historical source	books, paintings, buildings, diaries and artefacts that help us find out about the past

How do we know what happened?

- The fire started in Thomas Farriner's bakery and spread quickly.
- Samuel Pepys lived in London at the time and wrote about the fire in his diary.
- The diary is one of the most important sources of information about the fire.

Movements to change the shape of objects in science

Squashing Bending Twisting Stretching



Important dates

1665 -1666	A Great Plague
2 nd September 1666	The Great Fire of London started
5 th September 1666	The Great Fire of London ended

People and Places



King Charles II
The reigning monarch at the time of the fire.



Samuel Pepys
A man who recorded the events of the fire in his diary.




London
The capital city of England



St Paul's Cathedral
Destroyed and redesigned by Christopher Wren.


Timeline of the Great Fire of London

Early Sunday morning




The fire starts at Thomas Farriner's bakery in Pudding Lane.

Sunday morning




Samuel Pepys starts to record the unfolding events in his diary.

Early Monday morning




People carry their possessions to safety using boats on the River Thames.

Tuesday




St Paul's Cathedral is destroyed by the fire.

Wednesday



The fire starts to burn more slowly as the wind dies down.

Thursday



The fire is finally under control and put out.

Geography Vocabulary City – London Town – Kenilworth Village – Stoneleigh